

**Company Registration No: 201025088K**

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.  
(Incorporated in Singapore)  
AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES  
DIRECTORS' STATEMENT  
AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
31 DECEMBER 2020**

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**31 DECEMBER 2020**

<b>CONTENTS</b>	<b>PAGE</b>
Directors' Statement	1 - 2
Independent Auditor's Report	3 - 5
Statements of Comprehensive Income	6
Statements of Financial Position	7 - 8
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	9
Statement of Changes in Equity	10
Consolidated Cash Flow Statement	11
Cash Flow Statement	12
Notes to the Financial Statements	13 - 68

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**DIRECTORS' STATEMENT**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

The directors present their statement to the shareholder together with the audited financial statements of SPBD Microfinance Holdings (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (the "Company") and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

In the opinion of the directors:

- (a) the accompanying financial statements of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2020 and the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group and the Company for the year then ended; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

**1 Directors**

The directors of the Company in office at the date of this statement are:

Gregory Francis Casagrande	
Wu Pei Ngee Penny	
J Stephen Mitchell	(Appointed on 31 December 2020)
Barclay O'Brien	(Appointed on 31 December 2020)
Elizabeth Collet Funk	(Appointed on 22 February 2021)

**2 Arrangements to Enable Directors to Acquire Shares or Debentures**

Neither at the end of nor at any time during the financial year was the Company a party to any arrangement whose objects are, or one of whose objects is, to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

**3 Directors' Interests in Shares or Debentures**

According to the register of directors' shareholdings kept by the Company under section 164 of the Singapore Companies Act, Chapter 50, the directors of the Company who held office at the end of the financial year had no interest in the shares or debentures of the Company and related corporations either at the beginning of the financial year or date of appointment or at the end of the financial year, except as follows:

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**DIRECTORS' STATEMENT**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**3 Directors' Interests in Shares or Debentures (cont'd)**

SPBD Microfinance Holdings (Delaware) L.L.C. <u>(Immediate and Ultimate Holding Company)</u>	<i>Registered in the name of director</i>	
	<u>At the beginning of the year</u>	<u>At the end of the year</u>
	<u>Percentage of equity interest</u>	
Gregory Francis Casagrande	100%	100%

**4 Share Options**

There were no share options granted to subscribe for unissued shares of the Company or any corporation in the Group during the financial year.

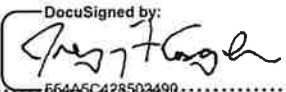
There were no shares issued during the financial year by virtue of the exercise of options to take up unissued shares of the Company or any corporation in the Group.

There were no unissued shares of the Company or any corporation in the Group under option at the end of the financial year.

**5 Independent Auditor**

Moore Stephens LLP has expressed its willingness to accept re-appointment as auditors.

On behalf of the Board of Directors,

DocuSigned by:  
  
 664A5C428503490  
 Gregory Francis Casagrande

Date: 16 June 2021

DocuSigned by:  
  
 0F1504B8C9DF404  
 Barclay O'Brien

Date: 16 June 2021



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDER OF**  
**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

*Opinion*

We have audited the financial statements of SPBD Microfinance Holdings (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2020, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated cash flow statement of the Group, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement of the Company for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group and the financial statements of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 (the Act) and the Financial Reporting Standards in Singapore (FRSs) so as to give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group and the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2020 and of the consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group and of the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company for the year ended on that date.

*Basis for Opinion*

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing (SSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority (ACRA) *Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities* (ACRA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

*Other Information*

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the "Directors' Statement".

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDER OF****SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.****(Incorporated in Singapore)**

(cont'd)

*Responsibilities of Management and Directors for the Financial Statements*

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act and FRSs, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

*Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements*

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDER OF**

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**

**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

(cont'd)

*Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (cont'd)*

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

**Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

*Moore Stephens LLP*

**Moore Stephens LLP**  
Public Accountants and  
Chartered Accountants

Singapore  
16 June 2021

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
(Incorporated in Singapore)

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

	Note	Group		Company	
		2020 US\$	2019 US\$	2020 US\$	2019 US\$
Financial revenue	4	8,058,417	7,406,404	981,127	836,352
Interest income		6,105,116	5,475,944	325,527	251,352
Fee income		1,953,301	1,930,460	655,600	585,000
Other income	5	121,868	358,787	64,993	104,984
Financial expenses	6	(1,904,813)	(1,697,484)	(455,949)	(395,162)
Allowance for loans losses		(186,747)	(163,014)	-	-
Others		(1,718,066)	(1,534,470)	(455,949)	(395,162)
Other operating expenses		(4,664,932)	(4,759,360)	(392,711)	(464,427)
<b>Profit before income tax</b>	7	1,610,540	1,308,347	197,460	81,747
Income tax expense	8	(451,040)	(267,548)	(15,522)	(104)
<b>Profit for the financial year</b>		1,159,500	1,040,799	181,938	81,643
Other comprehensive income/(loss):					
<i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i>					
- Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		39,902	(70,296)	-	-
<b>Total comprehensive income for the financial year</b>		1,199,402	970,503	181,938	81,643

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements



**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
(Incorporated in Singapore)

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

**AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020**

	Note	Group		Company	
		2020 US\$	2019 US\$	2020 US\$	2019 US\$
<b>ASSETS</b>					
<b>Non-Current Assets</b>					
Goodwill	9	407,438	407,438	-	-
Property, plant and equipment	10	858,799	1,093,566	-	-
Investments in subsidiaries	11	-	-	1,887,669	1,887,669
Amount due from subsidiaries	12	-	-	4,241,007	4,506,566
Other assets	14	246,118	232,256	-	-
		<u>1,512,355</u>	<u>1,733,260</u>	<u>6,128,676</u>	<u>6,394,235</u>
<b>Current Assets</b>					
Loans portfolio	13	19,265,107	16,612,599	-	-
Amount due from subsidiaries	12	-	-	1,634,253	1,102,632
Other assets	14	444,980	277,128	17,537	9,925
Cash and bank balances	15	3,492,008	2,269,901	135,160	63,984
		<u>23,202,095</u>	<u>19,159,628</u>	<u>1,786,950</u>	<u>1,176,541</u>
<b>Total Assets</b>		<u>24,714,450</u>	<u>20,892,888</u>	<u>7,915,626</u>	<u>7,570,776</u>
<b>EQUITY</b>					
<b>Attributable to equity holder of the Company</b>					
Share capital	16	2,429,998	1,429,998	2,429,998	1,429,998
Retained earnings/(Accumulated losses)		189,404	(970,096)	452,513	270,575
Other reserve	17	(313,505)	(313,505)	-	-
Foreign currency translation reserve		(77,246)	(117,148)	-	-
<b>Total Equity</b>		<u>2,228,651</u>	<u>29,249</u>	<u>2,882,511</u>	<u>1,700,573</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
(Incorporated in Singapore)

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

**AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020**

	Note	Group		Company	
		2020 US\$	2019 US\$	2020 US\$	2019 US\$
<b>LIABILITIES</b>					
<b>Non-Current Liabilities</b>					
Lease liabilities	23	251,635	401,160	-	-
Loan from a related party	18	70,922	67,454	-	-
Borrowings	19	9,461,106	9,121,932	2,174,542	2,190,714
		<u>9,783,663</u>	<u>9,590,546</u>	<u>2,174,542</u>	<u>2,190,714</u>
<b>Current Liabilities</b>					
Members' savings deposits	20	3,402,166	3,121,750	-	-
Other payables	21	564,398	617,843	57,994	75,786
Bank overdrafts	22	2,631,565	1,611,426	-	-
Lease liabilities	23	230,038	292,521	-	-
Borrowings	19	5,550,724	5,437,420	2,800,579	3,603,703
Provision for taxation		323,245	192,133	-	-
		<u>12,702,136</u>	<u>11,273,093</u>	<u>2,858,573</u>	<u>3,679,489</u>
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		<u>22,485,799</u>	<u>20,863,639</u>	<u>5,033,115</u>	<u>5,870,203</u>
<b>Total Equity and Liabilities</b>		<u>24,714,450</u>	<u>20,892,888</u>	<u>7,915,626</u>	<u>7,570,776</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

<b>Group</b>	<u>Share capital</u> US\$	<u>Retained earnings/ (Accumulated losses)</u> US\$	<u>Other reserve</u> US\$	<u>Foreign currency translation reserve</u> US\$	<u>Total</u> US\$
Balance as at 1 January 2020	1,429,998	(970,096)	(313,505)	(117,148)	29,249
Issuance of preference shares (Note 16)	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
Net profit for the year	-	1,159,500	-	-	1,159,500
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	39,902	39,902
Total comprehensive income	-	1,159,500	-	39,902	1,199,402
<b>Balance as at 31 December 2020</b>	<b>2,429,998</b>	<b>189,404</b>	<b>(313,505)</b>	<b>(77,246)</b>	<b>2,228,651</b>
<b>Balance as at 1 January 2019</b>	<b>1,429,998</b>	<b>(2,010,895)</b>	<b>(313,505)</b>	<b>(46,852)</b>	<b>(941,254)</b>
Net profit for the year	-	1,040,799	-	-	1,040,799
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	(70,296)	(70,296)
Total comprehensive income	-	1,040,799	-	(70,296)	970,503
<b>Balance as at 31 December 2019</b>	<b>1,429,998</b>	<b>(970,096)</b>	<b>(313,505)</b>	<b>(117,148)</b>	<b>29,249</b>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
(Incorporated in Singapore)

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

	<u>Share capital</u> US\$	<u>Retained earnings</u> US\$	<u>Total</u> US\$
<b>Company</b>			
Balance as at 1 January 2020	1,429,998	270,575	1,700,573
Issuance of preference shares (Note 16)	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Net profit for the year	-	181,938	181,938
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	181,938	181,938
<b>Balance as at 31 December 2020</b>	<u>2,429,998</u>	<u>452,513</u>	<u>2,882,511</u>
<b>Balance as at 1 January 2019</b>	1,429,998	188,932	1,618,930
Net profit for the year	-	81,643	81,643
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	81,643	81,643
<b>Balance as at 31 December 2019</b>	<u>1,429,998</u>	<u>270,575</u>	<u>1,700,573</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

	<b>Group</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>US\$</b>	<b>US\$</b>
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>		
Profit before income tax	1,610,540	1,308,347
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	403,680	317,226
Interest expense (including amortisation of discount)	1,511,434	1,320,647
Interest expense on lease liabilities	43,082	53,272
Interest income	(6,105,116)	(5,475,944)
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(76,944)	8,665
Allowance for loans losses	186,747	163,014
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(16,413)	(6,849)
Operating cash inflows before working capital changes	(2,442,990)	(2,311,622)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Loans portfolio	(2,210,326)	(3,778,254)
Other assets	78,265	27,309
Members' savings deposits	153,342	405,320
Other payables	(107,133)	131,514
Net cash used in operations	(4,528,842)	(5,525,733)
Income tax paid	(333,158)	(165,960)
Interest received	6,105,116	5,475,944
<b>Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities</b>	1,243,116	(215,749)
<b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities</b>		
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	20,166	9,921
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(107,925)	(231,532)
Increase in investment (term deposit)	(259,979)	(232,256)
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	(347,738)	(453,867)
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities</b>		
Proceeds from borrowings	2,325,354	6,200,902
Repayment of borrowings	(1,255,250)	(3,153,523)
Principal payment of lease liabilities	(303,383)	(206,134)
Increase/(Decrease) in bank overdrafts and fixed deposits pledged for bank overdrafts	973,552	(193,050)
Interest paid	(1,496,073)	(1,506,336)
Decrease/(Increase) in amount restricted to members' savings deposits	103,469	(16,897)
<b>Net cash generated from financing activities</b>	347,669	1,124,962
<b>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>	1,243,047	455,346
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year</b>	1,347,263	901,780
Currency realignment	35,942	(9,863)
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (Note 15)</b>	2,626,252	1,347,263

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

	<b>Company</b>	
	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>		
Profit before income tax	197,460	81,747
Adjustments for:		
Interest expense	455,949	395,162
Interest income	(325,527)	(251,352)
Unrealised foreign exchange gain	(33,770)	(15,862)
Operating cash inflows before working capital changes	<u>294,113</u>	<u>209,695</u>
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Other assets	(70,652)	(70,717)
Other payables	(17,792)	(25,157)
Net cash generated from operations	<u>205,669</u>	<u>113,821</u>
Income tax paid	(15,522)	(104)
Interest received	<u>304,011</u>	<u>191,049</u>
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities</b>	<u>494,158</u>	<u>304,766</u>
<b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities</b>		
Amount due from subsidiaries	48,140	(1,294,385)
<b>Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities</b>	<u>48,140</u>	<u>(1,294,385)</u>
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities</b>		
Proceeds from borrowings	642,070	2,825,985
Repayment of borrowings	(648,711)	(1,404,158)
Interest paid	(464,481)	(412,545)
<b>Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities</b>	<u>(471,122)</u>	<u>1,009,281</u>
<b>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>	71,176	19,662
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year</b>	<u>63,984</u>	<u>44,322</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (Note 15)</b>	<u>135,160</u>	<u>63,984</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

**1 General Information**

SPBD Microfinance Holdings (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (the “Company”) is a private limited company, domiciled and incorporated in Singapore. The Company’s registered office and place of business is located at 1 Goldhill Plaza, #03-39 Podium Block, Singapore 308899.

The principal activities of the Company are that of investment holding and provision of services. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year. The principal activities of subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 11.

The Company’s immediate and ultimate holding company is SPBD Microfinance Holdings (Delaware) L.L.C. (incorporated in the United States of America). The Company’s ultimate controlling shareholder is Mr. Gregory Francis Casagrande.

The financial statements of the Group and the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 are approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on the date of the Directors’ Statement.

**2 Significant Accounting Policies**

**(a) Basis of Preparation**

The consolidated financial statements of the Group and the financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Singapore Companies Act, Chapter 50 and Financial Reporting Standards in Singapore (FRSs). These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRSs requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group’s accounting policies. It also requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 3.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except that for the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the Group and the Company has adopted all the new and revised FRS and Interpretations of INT FRS issued that are relevant to the Group and the Company and effective for annual periods beginning 1 January 2020. The Group and Company have elected to apply the practical expedient to early adopt Amendments to FRS 116 *Covid-19 Related Rent Concessions*. The adoption of the new and revised FRS has had no material financial impact on the financial statements of the Group and the Company.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**2 Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

(a) Basis of Preparation (cont'd)

New and Revised FRS Issued but Not Yet Effective

As at the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the Group and the Company has not adopted the following standards that have been issued and effective:

Description	Effective Date (Annual periods beginning on or after)
Amendments to FRS 109 <i>Financial Instruments</i> , FRS 39 <i>Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement</i> , FRS 107 <i>Financial Instruments: Disclosures</i> , FRS 116 <i>Leases: Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2</i>	1 January 2021
Amendment to FRS 116, <i>Covid-19 Related Rent Concessions Beyond 30 June 2021</i>	1 April 2021
Amendments to FRS 103: <i>Business Combinations – Reference to the Conceptual Framework</i>	1 January 2022
Amendments to FRS 16: <i>Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use</i>	1 January 2022
Amendments to FRS 37: <i>Provisions on Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract</i>	1 January 2022
Annual improvements to FRS 2018-2020	1 January 2022
Amendments to FRS 1: <i>Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current</i>	1 January 2023

The directors of the Group expect that the adoption of the new and revised standards above will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Group and Company in the period of initial application.

(b) Going Concern

In the preparation of the financial statements, the directors of the Company believe that the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate after taking into consideration the cash flow forecast prepared by management and is of the view that the Group will have sufficient cash resources to satisfy its working capital requirements and to meet its obligations as and when they fall due.



**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**2 Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

(c) Currency Translation

*Functional and presentation currency*

The individual financial statements of each group entity are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). For the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, the results and financial position of each group entity are expressed in United States Dollar (“US\$”), which is the functional currency of the Company and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements.

*Transactions and balances*

Transactions in a currency other than the functional currency (“foreign currency”) are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Currency translation gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year-end exchange rates are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency shall be translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; and non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency shall be translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

*Translation of Group entities' financial statements*

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate at the reporting date;
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless the average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions); and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve. These currency translation differences are reclassified to profit or loss on disposal or partial disposal (i.e. loss of control) of the entity giving rise to such reserve.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**2 Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

(d) Group Accounting

Subsidiaries

*Consolidation*

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date on which control ceases.

When the Company has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Company's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give power, including:

- the size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Company, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual agreements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Company has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholder's meetings.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group entities are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated but are considered an impairment indicator of the asset transferred. The financial statements of the subsidiaries used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are prepared for the same reporting date as the Company. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests are that part of the net results of operations and of net assets of a subsidiary attributable to the interests which are not owned directly or indirectly by the equity holders of the Company. They are shown separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of financial position.

Total comprehensive income is attributed to the non-controlling interests based on their respective interests in a subsidiary, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**2 Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

(d) Group Accounting (cont'd)

Subsidiaries (cont'd)

*Acquisition of businesses*

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group.

The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the fair value of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred also includes the fair value of any contingent consideration arrangement and the fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

In business combinations achieved in stages, the Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree at the date of acquisition either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets.

The Group elects for each individual business combination, whether non-controlling interest in the acquiree (if any) is recognised on the acquisition date at fair value, or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree net identifiable assets.

Any excess of the sum of the fair value of the consideration transferred in the business combinations, the amount of non-controlling interest in the acquiree (if any), and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), over the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill on the consolidated statement of financial position. In instances where the latter amount exceeds the former, the excess is recognised as a gain on bargain purchase in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

*Disposals of subsidiaries or businesses*

When a change in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary results in a loss of control over the subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary including any goodwill are derecognised. Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are also reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings if required by a specific standard.

Any retained interest in the entity is remeasured at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the retained investment at the date when control is lost and its fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**2 Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

**(e) Investments in Subsidiaries**

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses in the Company's statement of financial position. On disposal of investments in subsidiaries, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments is taken to profit or loss.

**(f) Goodwill**

Goodwill on acquisition of subsidiaries represents the excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired.

Subsequently, goodwill is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the goodwill may be impaired. If the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities exceeds the consideration transferred and the non-controlling interest in the acquiree, the Group will reassess whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, and any excess thereafter is recognised as an income immediately.

On disposal of a subsidiary, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of profit and loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of foreign operations are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operations and are recorded in the functional currency of the foreign operations and translated in accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 2(c).

**(g) Property, Plant and Equipment**

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost represents all costs that are directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working location and condition for its intended use.

Depreciation is calculated on straight line basis to write off the cost of the property, plant and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The annual rates have been taken as follows:

Leasehold improvements	- 2 to 20 years
Furniture and fixtures	- 2 to 8 years
Office equipment	- 2 to 8 years
Computer equipment and peripherals	- 2 to 5 years
Motor vehicles	- 2 to 5 years
Software and electronics systems	- 3 to 4 years
Office premises	- 2 to 5 years

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**2 Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

**(g) Property, Plant and Equipment (cont'd)**

The useful lives of property, plant and equipment and their respective residual values at the end of each reporting period are reviewed and, where appropriate, adjusted. The adjustments, if any, are taken to the statement of comprehensive income.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

**(h) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets**

**(i) Goodwill**

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the goodwill may be impaired.

For the purpose of impairment testing of goodwill, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating-units ("CGU") expected to benefit from synergies arising from the business combination.

An impairment loss is recognised when the carrying amount of a CGU, including the goodwill, exceeds the recoverable amount of the CGU. Recoverable amount of a CGU is the higher of the CGU's fair value less cost to sell and value-in-use.

The total impairment loss of a CGU is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of goodwill allocated to the CGU and then to the other assets of the CGU pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the CGU.

An impairment loss on goodwill is recognised as an expense and is not reversed in a subsequent period.

**(ii) Property, Plant and Equipment  
Investments in Subsidiaries**

Property, plant and equipment and investments in subsidiaries are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and value in use) of the asset is estimated to determine the amount of impairment loss.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**2 Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

(h) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets (cont'd)

(ii) *Property, Plant and Equipment*  
*Investments in Subsidiaries (cont'd)*

For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. If this is the case, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit ("CGU") to which the asset belongs. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of the asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. The difference between the carrying amount and recoverable amount is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss.

An impairment loss for an asset is reversed if, and only if, there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the assets' recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The carrying amount is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(i) Financial Assets

Classification and measurement

The Group classifies its financial assets as those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows. The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

*Initial Recognition*

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets measured at amortised costs are presented as "loans portfolio", "other assets (excluding prepayment)", "amount due from subsidiaries" and "cash and bank balances" on the statement of financial position.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**2 Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

(i) Financial Assets (cont'd)

Classification and measurement (cont'd)

*Subsequent Measurement*

Debt instruments - Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Debt instruments mainly comprise of “loans portfolio”, “other assets (excluding prepayment)”, “amount due from subsidiaries” and “cash and bank balances”. Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group’s business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Group’s debt instruments are classified in the amortised cost category.

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt instrument that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. For debt instrument that is measured at amortised cost that are not part of a designated hedging relationship, exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses are deducted from the gross carrying amount of these assets and are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.

Impairment

The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with financial assets measured at amortised costs.

Loss allowances of the Group are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month expected credit losses – represents the expected credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or for a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months); or
- Lifetime expected credit losses – represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument or contract asset.

*General approach*

The Group applies the general approach to provide for expected credit losses on loans portfolio and all other assets, which requires the loss allowance to be measured at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses at initial recognition.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**2 Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

(i) Financial Assets (cont'd)

Impairment (cont'd)

*General approach* (cont'd)

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating expected credit losses, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including the Group's historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Forward-looking information considered includes the future prospects of the industries in which the Group's debtors operate, obtained from economic expert reports, financial analysts, governmental bodies, and other similar organisations, as well as consideration of various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Group's core operations.

If credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition or if the credit quality of the financial instruments improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses.

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that a financial asset to be in default when:

- the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or
- the financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

The maximum period considered when estimating expected credit losses is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

*Credit-impaired financial assets*

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired.



**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**2 Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

**(i) Financial Assets (cont'd)**

Impairment (cont'd)

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as a default or past due;
- the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower or a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider (e.g. the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise);
- it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

Measurement of expected credit losses

Expected credit losses are probability-weighted estimates of credit losses. Credit losses are measured at the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive). ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

Recognition and de-recognition

Financial assets are recognised when, and only when the Group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**2 Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

(i) Financial Assets (cont'd)

Recognition and de-recognition (cont'd)

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

(j) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances less pledged/restricted bank balances with financial institutions, which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

(k) Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised on the statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provision of the financial instruments. Financial liabilities are included in "total liabilities (excluding provision for taxation and life insurance provision)" on the statement of financial position.

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance. Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, except for derivatives, which are measured at fair value.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities of the Group are presented as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**2 Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

**(k) Financial Liabilities (cont'd)**

**Borrowings**

Borrowings are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

**(l) Borrowing Costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowing pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period using the effective interest method in which they are incurred.

**(m) Financial Guarantees**

The Company has issued corporate guarantees to banks for bank borrowings of its subsidiaries. These guarantees are financial guarantees as they require the Company to reimburse the banks if the subsidiaries fail to make principal or interest payments when due in accordance with the terms of their borrowings.

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised as a financial liability at the time the guarantee is issued. Financial guarantees are measured initially at their fair values and, if not designated as at FVPL and do not arise from a transfer of a financial asset, are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- the amount of the loss allowance determined in accordance with expected credit loss model under FRS 109.
- the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of FRS 115.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**2 Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

(m) Financial Guarantees (cont'd)

Expected credit losses are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Expected credit losses are measured for financial guarantees issued as the expected payments to reimburse the holder less any amounts that the Company expects to recover. Loss allowances for expected credit losses for financial guarantees issued are presented in the Company's statement of financial position as "Borrowings".

Intra-group transactions with regards to the financial guarantees are eliminated on consolidation.

(n) Share Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of new ordinary shares are deducted against the share capital account.

(o) Preference Share Capital

Preference shares are classified as equity as it is redeemable only at the Company's option and any dividend is discretionary. Dividends thereon are recognised as distributions within equity.

(p) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and it can be measured reliably and also after obtaining reasonable assurance about its collectability. Revenue from rendering services is recognised upon delivery of services to the customers.

Management and professional service income

Management and professional service income are recognised over-time in the period when the services are rendered.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

Development fee

The Group charges certain percentage of 1% to 3% of principal loan amount which is used to cover the cost of training members, loan evaluation and monitoring. This fee is deducted from the loan proceeds, and is recognised over-time in the period when the services are rendered.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**2 Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

(p) Revenue Recognition (cont'd)

Loan security fee

The Group charges and withholds 1% to 2% as an insurance on the principal loan amount plus interest issued to the borrowing members as security in case of death of the borrowing member before full payment of their loans. The loan security fee is recognised as income over-time when earned.

Death benefit fee

The Group offers a Death Benefit Product to help the families of the Group's members to reduce the burden of bereavement and funeral expenses when a borrowing member dies by charging a Death Benefit fee during disbursement of the principal loan amount. The fee is recognised at a point in time as income when earned.

Saving withdrawal fee

A fee is charged by the Group to its members when they make withdrawals from their savings account and is recognised at a point in time upon the withdrawals.

Membership fee

In South Pacific Business Development Microfinance (Fiji) (Ltd), a membership fee is charged to the members for entitlements given by the Group, and hence membership fees is non-refundable and recognised as income over-time over the duration of the membership.

Grant income

Grant income is recognised at a point in time when there is:

- i) Entitlement to the grant;
- ii) Virtual certainty that it will be received; and
- iii) Sufficient measurability of the amount.

(q) Employee Benefits

Defined contribution plan

Defined contributions are recognised as an expense in the same period as the employment that gives rise to the contribution. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**2 Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

(q) Employee Benefits (cont'd)

Employee leave entitlement

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the reporting date.

(r) Leases

When the Group is the lessee:

At the inception of the contract, the Group assesses if the contract contains a lease. A contract contains a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Reassessment is only required when the terms and conditions of the contract are changed.

The Group recognised right-of-use assets and lease liabilities at the date which the underlying assets become available for use. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost which comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date and lease incentive received. Any initial direct costs that would not have been incurred if the lease had not been obtained are added to the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets.

Right-of-use assets are subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term.

Right-of-use assets are presented within "Property, plant and equipment" in the statements of financial position.

The initial measurement of lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments discounted using the implicit rate in the lease, if the rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group shall use its incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payment included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payment), less any lease incentive receivables;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date;
- amount expected to be payable under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if its reasonably certain to exercise the option; and
- payment or penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**2 Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

(r) Leases (cont'd)

When the Group is the lessee: (cont'd)

For contracts that contain both lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease and non-lease component. The Group has elected to not separate lease and non-lease component for property leases and account these as one single lease component.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost, and are remeasured when:

- there is a change in future lease payments arising from changes in an index or rate;
- there is a change in the Group's assessment of whether it will exercise lease extension and termination options;
- there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- there is a modification to the lease term.

Where lease liabilities are re-measured, corresponding adjustments are made against the right-of-use assets. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets has been reduced to zero, the adjustments are recorded in the consolidated income statement.

The Group has elected to not recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have lease terms of 12 months or less and low value leases, except for sub-lease arrangements. Lease payments relating to these leases are expensed to consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Variable lease payments that are not based on an index or a rate are not included as part of the measurement and initial recognition of the lease liability. The Group shall recognise those lease payments in consolidated income statement in the periods that triggered those lease payments.

When the Group is the lessor:

Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Group retains a significant portion of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating leases (net of any incentives given to the lessees) are recognised in the consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Contingent rents are recognised as income in the consolidated income statement when earned.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**2 Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

(s) Income Tax

Current income tax for the current period is recognised at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted and substantively enacted by reporting date.

Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method on all temporary differences at reporting date between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences, except in respect of deductible temporary differences and carry-forward of unutilised tax credits and tax losses, if it is not probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences and carry-forward of unutilised tax credits and tax losses can be utilised.

Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at reporting date.

(t) Government Grants

Government grants are recognised as a receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with.

When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is recognised as deferred income on the statement of financial position and is recognised as income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset.

(u) Related Parties

A related party is defined as follows:

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the entity that is preparing its financial statements (referred to as the “reporting entity”).



**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**2 Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)**

**(u) Related Parties (cont'd)**

- a. A person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person:
- i. has control or joint control over the reporting entity;
  - ii. has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
  - iii. is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.
- b. An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions applies:
- i. the entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others);
  - ii. one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
  - iii. both entities are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - iv. one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - v. the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity;
  - vi. the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
  - vii. a person identified in (a) (i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); or
  - viii. the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity.

**3 Critical Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty**

The preparation of financial statements and the application of the Group and Company's accounting policies, which are described in Note 2 above, requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the end of each reporting period.

Estimates, assumptions and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Management has taken into consideration the impact of Covid-19 pandemic and whether there are any indications that these assets may be impacted adversely. If any such indication existed, an estimate was made of the realisable amount and/or fair value of the relevant assets.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**3 Critical Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (cont'd)**

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future period.

*Impairment of investments in subsidiaries*

The Company assesses at each statement of financial position date whether there is any indication that the investments in subsidiaries are impaired. To determine whether there is any indication of impairment, the Company considers factors such as the subsidiaries' financial performance and financial position, changes in customer demand, consumer tastes and trends, and the overall economic environment.

No impairment losses has been recognised for the financial years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019. The carrying amounts of the Company's investments in subsidiaries as at the statement of financial position date are disclosed in Note 11.

*Impairment of goodwill*

The Group tests goodwill for impairment annually in accordance with the accounting policy as disclosed in Note 2(h)(i). The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units ("CGUs") have been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates and assumptions. Changes to the estimates and assumptions will result in changes in the carrying values of goodwill arising from the acquisition of business. No impairment losses has been recognised for the financial years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019. As at 31 December 2020, the carrying amount of goodwill is US\$407,438 (2019: US\$407,438).

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires that the directors estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Details of the estimation of the value in use are provided in Note 9.

*Provision for expected credit losses of loans portfolio*

The Group calculates the allowance for expected credit losses for loans portfolio which requires the loss allowance to be measured at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses at initial recognition.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**3 Critical Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (cont'd)**

*Provision for expected credit losses of loans portfolio (cont'd)*

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. The Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort when estimating expected credit losses. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including the Group's historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Forward-looking information considered includes various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Group's core operations.

The Group recognised provision for expected credit losses amounting to US\$186,747 (2019: US\$163,014) in the profit or loss during the current financial year. The carrying amount of the Group's loan portfolio as at 31 December 2020 was US\$19,265,107 (2019: US\$16,612,599) as disclosed in Note 13.

**4 Financial Revenue**

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$
Type of revenue:				
- Development fee	676,043	682,916	-	-
- Interest on loans	6,105,116	5,475,944	325,527	251,352
- Loan security fee	507,801	507,559	-	-
- Death benefit fee	189,398	178,512	-	-
- Membership fee	214,574	244,781	-	-
- Management income	-	-	655,600	576,000
- Professional service	-	-	-	9,000
- Saving withdrawal fee	136,845	147,764	-	-
- Weekly centre meeting fee	153,785	-	-	-
- Others	74,855	168,928	-	-
	<u>8,058,417</u>	<u>7,406,404</u>	<u>981,127</u>	<u>836,352</u>

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**4 Financial Revenue (cont'd)**

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
Geographical location:				
- Samoa	2,734,651	2,488,695	-	-
- Tonga	2,237,189	1,765,355	-	-
- Fiji	1,598,052	1,719,871	-	-
- Solomon Islands	652,058	677,459	-	-
- Vanuatu	836,467	755,024	-	-
- Singapore	-	-	981,127	836,352
	<u>8,058,417</u>	<u>7,406,404</u>	<u>981,127</u>	<u>836,352</u>

**5 Other Income**

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
Commission income	10,190	27,242	-	-
Grant income	-	163,843	-	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	16,413	6,849	-	-
Financial booklet	25,878	33,166	-	-
Guarantee fee	-	-	31,283	34,530
Processing fee income	-	-	-	8,000
Rental income under operating lease	4,613	18,542	-	-
Training programs	38,903	62,945	-	-
Miscellaneous income	25,871	46,200	-	-
Foreign exchange gain, net	-	-	33,710	62,454
	<u>121,868</u>	<u>358,787</u>	<u>64,993</u>	<u>104,984</u>

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
(Incorporated in Singapore)

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**6 Financial Expenses**

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
Insurance fee and related claims	160,708	160,551	-	-
Interest on borrowings	1,435,996	1,220,850	455,949	395,162
Interest on lease liabilities	43,082	53,272	-	-
Interest on members' savings deposits	39,775	34,859	-	-
Allowance for loans losses	186,747	163,014	-	-
Amortisation of discount (Note 19)	35,663	64,938	-	-
Loan recovery expense	2,842	-	-	-
	<u>1,904,813</u>	<u>1,697,484</u>	<u>455,949</u>	<u>395,162</u>

**7 Profit before Income Tax**

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
This is arrived at after charging:				
Admin and management fee	599,667	561,488	264,000	264,000
Defined contribution plans	105,931	103,619	-	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets	403,680	317,226	-	-
Foreign exchange difference, net	136,850	37,044	-	-
Rental expenses (low-value and short-term leases)	61,728	77,514	-	-
Legal and professional fees	226,891	226,466	26,935	27,602
Travelling and transportation	335,955	489,585	-	2,316
Salaries and wages	1,638,716	1,452,650	54,000	54,000
	<u>1,638,716</u>	<u>1,452,650</u>	<u>54,000</u>	<u>54,000</u>

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**8 Income Tax Expense**

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$
Income tax expense on results for the year consists of:				
Current income tax				
- current year	435,518	267,444	-	-
- under provision in prior year	15,522	104	15,522	104
	<u>451,040</u>	<u>267,548</u>	<u>15,522</u>	<u>104</u>

Income tax varied from the amount of income tax determined by applying the Singapore income tax rate of 17% (2019: 17%) to profit before income tax as a result of the following differences:

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$
Profit before income tax	<u>1,610,540</u>	<u>1,308,347</u>	<u>197,460</u>	<u>81,747</u>
Income tax at 17%	273,792	222,419	33,568	13,897
Non-deductible expenses	30,824	3,394	-	-
Non-taxable income	(41,451)	(30,079)	(23,318)	(11,970)
Statutory tax exemption	(10,250)	(1,666)	(10,250)	(1,666)
Corporate tax rebate	-	(261)	-	(261)
Effect of higher tax rate in other country	143,843	83,479	-	-
Utilisation of deferred tax assets not recognise	-	(63,924)	-	-
Unrecognised deferred tax assets	38,760	54,082	-	-
Under provision in prior year	15,522	104	15,522	104
	<u>451,040</u>	<u>267,548</u>	<u>15,522</u>	<u>104</u>

The corporate income tax rate for the Group's subsidiaries incorporated are calculated at the tax rates applicable in the country in which the subsidiaries are accessible for tax, based on existing legislations, interpretations and practices in respect thereof.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**8 Income Tax Expense (cont'd)**

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	%	%
<u>Tax rate applicable to the Company</u>		
Singapore	17	17
<u>Tax rate applicable to the Subsidiaries</u>		
Independent State of Samoa	27	27
Kingdom of Tonga	25	25
Republic of Fiji	20	20
Solomon Islands	30	30
Republic of Vanuatu	0	0

As at the reporting date, the Group has unutilised tax losses amounting to approximately US\$1,612,000 (2019: US\$1,822,000) available for offsetting against future taxable income. The related tax benefits of approximately US\$449,000 (2019: US\$505,000) arising from these unutilised tax losses have not been recognised in the financial statements as there is no reasonable certainty of their realisation in the future periods, in accordance with the accounting policy as stated in Note 2(s) to the financial statements. The availability of the unabsorbed tax losses for set off against future taxable income is subject to the tax regulations of the respective countries in which the Group companies are incorporated and approval by the relevant tax authorities.

The breakdown of unutilised tax losses is as follows:

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
<u>Expiry dates</u>				
31 December 2020	-	522,000	-	-
31 December 2021	495,000	485,000	-	-
31 December 2022	448,000	445,000	-	-
31 December 2023	109,000	121,000	-	-
31 December 2024	249,000	249,000	-	-
31 December 2025	311,000	-	-	-
	1,612,000	1,822,000	-	-

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**9 Goodwill**

	<b>Group</b>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	US\$	US\$
The goodwill is made up as follows:		
Purchased goodwill	407,438	407,438

Purchased goodwill arose from the excess of purchase price paid by a subsidiary in acquiring a business since its formation in January 2000, representing the reputation established with clients, lenders, the government of Samoa and all other stakeholders.

Goodwill is assessed for impairment during the end of each financial year. An impairment loss is the amount by which the carrying amount of a CGU exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of the CGU was determined based on value-in-use calculations. Cash flow projections used in these calculations were based on the financial budgets approved by management covering a one-year period. Cash flows from one to five year period were extrapolated using the estimated growth rates of 10% (2019: 10%) based on management's best estimates from market industry. A discount factor of 9.98% (2019: 8.89%) per annum was applied in the value in use calculations.

*Sensitivity analysis*

If the management's estimated growth rate used in the value in use calculation for the CGU is decreased by 5% (2019: 5%), the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is still in excess of its carrying amount.



**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
(Incorporated in Singapore)

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**10 Property, Plant and Equipment**

	Leasehold improvements		Furniture and fixtures		Office equipment		Computer equipment and peripherals		Motor vehicles		Software and electronics systems		Intangible work in progress		Office premises		Total		
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	
<b>Group</b>																			
<b>2020</b>																			
<u>Cost</u>																			
At beginning of the year	112,591	154,659	84,992	225,136	829,068	44,475	3,437	736,316	2,190,674										
Additions	23,124	10,014	11,131	23,489	76,230	152	-	-	144,140										
Disposals	(15,624)	(29,676)	(19,148)	(65,441)	(142,625)	-	-	(1,067)	(273,581)										
Translation adjustment	(4,642)	14,260	(9)	7,228	18,876	991	206	25,549	62,459										
At end of the year	115,449	149,257	76,966	190,412	781,549	45,618	3,643	760,798	2,123,692										
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>																			
At beginning of the year	34,597	107,285	50,590	158,766	553,786	39,934	-	152,150	1,097,108										
Charge for the year	20,721	18,529	10,168	27,464	111,054	2,384	-	213,360	403,680										
Disposals	(15,624)	(29,212)	(19,148)	(63,219)	(142,625)	-	-	-	(269,828)										
Translation adjustment	1,495	3,978	1,097	5,428	13,670	957	-	7,308	33,933										
At end of the year	41,189	100,580	42,707	128,439	535,885	43,275	-	372,818	1,264,893										
<u>Net book value</u>																			
At end of the year	74,260	48,677	34,259	61,973	245,664	2,343	3,643	387,980	858,799										

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
(Incorporated in Singapore)

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**10 Property, Plant and Equipment (cont'd)**

	Leasehold improvements		Furniture and fixtures		Office equipment		Computer equipment and peripherals		Motor vehicles		Software and electronics systems		Intangible work in progress		Office premises		Total
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
<b>Group</b>																	
<b>2019</b>																	
<u>Cost</u>																	
At beginning of the year	58,818	144,137	76,671	211,411	855,948	46,104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,393,089
Adoption of FRS 116	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Additions	68,851	26,821	13,016	30,092	89,287	-	30,092	89,287	-	3,465	-	-	-	461,942	-	-	461,942
Disposals	(11,713)	(12,043)	(2,247)	(10,325)	(96,464)	(478)	(10,325)	(96,464)	(478)	-	-	-	-	287,487	-	-	519,019
Translation adjustment	(3,365)	(4,256)	(2,448)	(6,042)	(19,703)	(1,151)	(6,042)	(19,703)	(1,151)	(28)	-	-	-	(13,113)	-	-	(133,270)
At end of the year	112,591	154,659	84,992	225,136	829,068	44,475	225,136	829,068	44,475	3,437	-	-	-	736,316	-	-	2,190,674
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>																	
At beginning of the year	38,105	103,805	46,630	148,929	560,308	38,704	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	936,481
Charge for the year	9,175	18,202	7,610	21,355	103,100	2,781	21,355	103,100	2,781	-	-	-	-	155,003	-	-	317,226
Disposals	(11,713)	(11,983)	(2,247)	(7,313)	(96,464)	(478)	(7,313)	(96,464)	(478)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(130,198)
Translation adjustment	(970)	(2,739)	(1,403)	(4,205)	(13,158)	(1,073)	(4,205)	(13,158)	(1,073)	(28)	-	-	-	(2,853)	-	-	(26,401)
At end of the year	34,597	107,285	50,590	158,766	553,786	39,934	158,766	553,786	39,934	-	-	-	-	152,150	-	-	1,097,108
<b>Net book value</b>																	
At end of the year	77,994	47,374	34,402	66,370	275,282	4,541	66,370	275,282	4,541	3,437	-	-	-	584,166	-	-	1,093,566

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**11 Investments in Subsidiaries**

	<b>Company</b>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	US\$	US\$
<u>Unquoted shares, at cost</u>		
<i>Ordinary shares</i>		
Balance as at beginning and end of the financial year	567,298	567,298
<i>Preference shares</i>		
Balance as at beginning and end of the financial year	1,320,371	1,320,371
Balance as at end of the financial year	1,887,669	1,887,669

Details of the subsidiary companies are as follows:

<u>Name of subsidiaries, country of incorporation and place of business</u>	<u>Principal activities</u>	<u>% of equity held by the Company</u>		<u>Cost of investment</u>	
		<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
		%	%	US\$	US\$
South Pacific Business Development Microfinance Ltd. ("SPBD Tonga") <sup>(a)</sup> (Kingdom of Tonga)	Provision of financial services, training, on-going guidance and motivation to economically disadvantaged people	100	100	188,904	188,904
SPBD Microfinance (Samoa) Ltd. ("SPBD Samoa") <sup>(b)</sup> (Independent State of Samoa)	Provision of financial services, training, on-going guidance and motivation to economically disadvantaged people	100	100	40,000	40,000
South Pacific Business Development Microfinance (Fiji) Ltd ("SPBD Fiji") <sup>(c)</sup> (Republic of Fiji)	Provision of financial services, training, on-going guidance and motivation to economically disadvantaged people	100	100	1,463,318	1,463,318

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**11 Investments in Subsidiaries (cont'd)**

Name of subsidiaries, country of incorporation and <u>place of business</u>	<u>Principal activities</u>	% of equity <u>held by the Company</u>		Cost of <u>investment</u>	
		<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
		%	%	US\$	US\$
South Pacific Business Development Microfinance (Solomon Islands) Limited ("SPBD Solomon") <sup>(d)</sup> (Solomon Islands)	Provision of financial services, training, on- going guidance and motivation to economically disadvantaged people	100	100	145,447	145,447
SPBD Microfinance (Vanuatu) Ltd ("SPBD Vanuatu") <sup>(c)</sup> (Republic of Vanuatu)	Provision of financial services, training, on- going guidance and motivation to economically disadvantaged people	100	100	50,000	50,000
				1,887,669	1,887,669

(a) Audited by JK Chartered Accountants

(b) Audited by BDO Chartered Accountants

(c) Audited by BDO Chartered Accountants

(d) Audited by Morris & Sojnocki, Chartered Accountants

(e) Audited by Law Partners, Chartered Accountants

In 2014, the Company converted certain loans from subsidiaries amounting to US\$1,543,123 into investment in the subsidiaries' preference shares. The preference shares have the following rights and subject to the following conditions:

- (a) Redeemable at par value any time after 5 years from date of issue and as determined and deemed appropriate by the directors of the subsidiaries;
- (b) Entitled to dividends not exceeding 6% per annum depending on the profitability and financial position of the subsidiaries, and prior consent of certain financial institutions which the subsidiary obtained finance and given covenant regarding dividends;
- (c) Carry similar voting rights as that of ordinary shareholder; and
- (d) Do not entitle holder to any additional seats on the board of the subsidiaries.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
(Incorporated in Singapore)

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**12 Amount Due from Subsidiaries**

	<b>Company</b>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	US\$	US\$
Loan receivables (current and non-current)	5,649,537	5,468,031
Other receivables (current)	225,723	141,167
	5,875,260	5,609,198
Less: Current portion	(1,634,253)	(1,102,632)
Non-current portion	4,241,007	4,506,566

The loan receivables are unsecured and carries an interest rate of 2% to 11% (2019: 2% to 11%) per annum. The final repayments of the loans range from 31 March 2021 to 31 December 2028 (2019: 31 March 2019 to 31 December 2028).

The other receivables are non-trade in nature, unsecured, interest-free and payable on demand.

**13 Loans Portfolio**

	<b>Group</b>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	US\$	US\$
Balance at beginning of the year	16,612,599	13,363,386
Loans disbursement during the year	25,857,028	28,190,317
Loans repayment during the year	(24,003,575)	(24,412,318)
Interest capitalised during the year	567,700	-
Write-offs during the year	(126,634)	(94,812)
Translation adjustment	628,929	(230,057)
Gross loans portfolio	19,536,047	16,816,516
Less: Allowance for loans losses	(270,940)	(203,917)
	19,265,107	16,612,599

The loans earn interest at the rate ranging from 9% to 25% (2019: 9% to 27%) per annum.

The movement in the allowance for loans losses during the financial year are as follows:

	<b>Group</b>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	US\$	US\$
Balance at beginning of the year	203,917	187,343
Charge to profit or loss	186,747	163,014
Loans written off	(126,634)	(144,365)
Currency translation adjustment	6,910	(2,075)
Balance at end of the year	270,940	203,917

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
(Incorporated in Singapore)

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**14 Other Assets**

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$
<b>Current:</b>				
Deposits	46,079	50,878	1,470	-
Other receivables	83,284	165,766	7,612	1,455
Investment (term deposit)	246,117	-	-	-
Prepayments	69,500	60,484	8,455	8,470
	<u>444,980</u>	<u>277,128</u>	<u>17,537</u>	<u>9,925</u>
<b>Non-current:</b>				
Investment (term deposit)	246,118	232,256	-	-

Investment pertains to the 12-month and 48-month term deposits with Fiji Development Bank amounting FJD500,000 each subject to interest rate of 3.50% to 4.50% (2019: 4.50%) per annum which matures on 10 August 2021 and 2 January 2023, respectively.

**15 Cash and Bank Balances**

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$
Cash on hand	47,240	43,229	-	-
Cash in banks	2,096,415	862,197	135,160	63,984
Vodafone M-Paisa account	349,920	347,989	-	-
Fixed deposits	998,433	1,016,486	-	-
	<u>3,492,008</u>	<u>2,269,901</u>	<u>135,160</u>	<u>63,984</u>

For the purpose of the presentation of the cash flow statement, the cash and cash equivalents as at the reporting date comprise the following:

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$
Cash and bank balances	3,492,008	2,269,901	135,160	63,984
Less:				
Fixed deposits pledged for bank overdrafts (Note 22)	(632,395)	(585,808)	-	-
Restricted to members' savings deposits	(233,361)	(336,830)	-	-
Cash and cash equivalent	<u>2,626,252</u>	<u>1,347,263</u>	<u>135,160</u>	<u>63,984</u>

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
(Incorporated in Singapore)

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**15 Cash and Bank Balances (cont'd)**

As at the statement of financial position date, fixed deposits matured within twelve months (2019: twelve months) from the end of the financial year. Interest on fixed deposits are derived at rates ranging from 1% to 3.50% (2019: 0.10% to 4.25%) per annum.

**16 Share Capital**

	<b>Group and Company</b>			
	<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	
	No. of shares	Share capital US\$	No. of shares	Share capital US\$
<u>Ordinary shares</u>				
Balance at beginning and end of the year	1,221,637	976,698	1,221,637	976,698
<u>Preference shares</u>				
Balance at beginning of the year	600,000	453,300	600,000	453,300
Issuance during the year	1,335,200	1,000,000	-	-
Balance at end of the year	1,935,200	1,453,300	600,000	453,300
<b>Total share capital</b>	<b>3,156,837</b>	<b>2,429,998</b>	<b>1,821,637</b>	<b>1,429,998</b>

Both classes of shares have no par value. Ordinary shares have one vote each.

The preference shares carry a dividend of 4% (2019: 8%) per annum, if and when declared by the Board of Directors. The dividend rights are cumulative and the preference shareholder has no voting rights unless dividends declared remains in arrears and unpaid for more than six months after the due date.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the Company issued and allotted 1,335,200 preference shares of the Company to the ultimate holding company through a conversion of term loan from the ultimate holding company amounting to US\$1,000,000 (equivalent to S\$1,335,200).

**17 Other Reserve**

This relates to the difference between the cost of the acquisition and the amounts at which the acquired assets and liabilities are recorded for a business combination with an entity under common control.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
(Incorporated in Singapore)

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**18 Loan from a Related Party**

The loan from a related party (non-current portion) is unsecured, non-trade in nature, bears 8% (2019: 8%) interest per annum and is repayable not later than 31 December 2023 (2019: 31 December 2023).

**19 Borrowings**

	Group		Company	
	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$
Secured loans	6,202,275	5,732,409	614,120	366,531
Unsecured loans	8,879,449	8,932,519	4,361,001	5,427,886
Less: Unamortised discount	(69,894)	(105,576)	-	-
	<u>15,011,830</u>	<u>14,559,352</u>	<u>4,975,121</u>	<u>5,794,417</u>
<b><u>Term loans (secured)</u></b>				
Term loan (a)	-	366,531	-	366,531
Term loan (b)	1,402,384	936,245	-	-
Term loan (c)	328,771	445,483	-	-
Term loan (d)	3,150,725	3,156,039	-	-
Term loans (e)	706,275	828,111	-	-
Term loan (f)	614,120	-	614,120	-
	<u>6,202,275</u>	<u>5,732,409</u>	<u>614,120</u>	<u>366,531</u>
<b><u>Term loans (unsecured)</u></b>				
Term loans (a)	19,312	11,354	-	-
Term loans (b)	1,670,839	1,542,906	1,670,839	1,542,906
Term loans (c)	1,982,067	1,635,802	-	-
Term loans – related party (d)	1,620,074	1,492,957	840,000	890,000
Term loans (e)	287,600	200,237	287,600	200,237
Term loans (f)	854,669	759,730	-	-
Term loan (g)	28,057	11,938	-	-
Term loans (h)	784,375	377,276	-	-
Term loans – ultimate holding company (i)	1,429,289	2,670,000	1,429,289	2,670,000
Term loans (j)	133,273	124,743	133,273	124,743
	<u>8,809,555</u>	<u>8,826,943</u>	<u>4,361,001</u>	<u>5,427,886</u>
Total borrowings	15,011,830	14,559,352	4,975,121	5,794,417
Less: Current portion	(5,550,724)	(5,437,420)	(2,800,579)	(3,603,703)
Non-current portion	<u>9,461,106</u>	<u>9,121,932</u>	<u>2,174,542</u>	<u>2,190,714</u>



**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**19 Borrowings (cont'd)**

Movements in unamortised discount on borrowings are as follows:

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$
At the beginning of the year	105,576	7,878	-	-
Grant income during the year	-	163,843	-	-
Amortisation during the year	(35,663)	(64,938)	-	-
Currency realignment	(19)	(1,207)	-	-
At the end of the year	<u>69,894</u>	<u>105,576</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

**Term loans (a)**

This pertained to one term loan which was secured by guarantee from a related party for up to US\$760,000 or 50% of the loan whichever is lesser and bore interest rate of 9.5% per annum. The final repayment of the loan was on 31 March 2020.

**Term loan (b)**

The loan is secured by guarantee from the Company (Note 25) and bears an interest rate of 10% (2019: 10%) per annum. The final repayment of the loan is due on 31 December 2022 (2019: 31 December 2022).

**Term loan (c)**

The loan is secured by a charge over a portion of the subsidiary's loan portfolio equal to 100% of the principal balance of the credit facility, and bears an interest rate of 11% (2019: 11%) per annum. The final repayment of the loan is due on 27 November 2024 (2019: 27 November 2024).

**Term loan (d)**

The loan is secured by a charge over a portion of the subsidiary's loan portfolio equal to 150% of the principal balance of the credit facility, and bears an interest rate of 9.5% (2019: 9.5%) per annum. The final repayment of the loan is due on 30 September 2022 (2019: 30 September 2022).

**Term loans (e)**

These comprise three (2019: three) term loans which are secured by a charge over a portion of the subsidiary's loan portfolio equal to 120% of the principal balance of the credit facility, and bear interest rates ranging from 8.5% to 9% (2019: 8.5% to 9%) per annum. The final repayments of the loans range from 31 March 2022 to 30 June 2023 (2019: 31 March 2022 to 30 June 2023).

**Term loans (f)**

This loan is secured by guarantee from a related party and bears interest rate of 9.5% per annum. The final repayment of the loan is on 20 December 2023.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**19 Borrowings (cont'd)**

Term loan (a)

These comprise of three (2019: one) term loans which are unsecured, interest free and is repayable on demand.

Term loans (b)

These comprise four (2019: four) term loans which are unsecured and bear an interest rate of 8% (2019: 8%) per annum. The final repayments of the loans range from 30 September 2021 to 31 December 2022 (2019: 30 September 2020 to 31 December 2021).

Term loans (c)

These comprise four (2019: four) term loans which are unsecured, interest free and are repayable on demand.

Term loans (d)

These comprise sixteen (2019: fourteen) term loans from the related party which are unsecured and bear interest rates ranging from 6.5% to 9% (2019: 6.5% to 9.5%) per annum. The final repayments of the loans range from 30 June 2021 to 31 December 2024 (2019: 30 September 2020 to 31 December 2023).

Term loan (e)

These comprise four (2019: three) term loans which are unsecured and bears an interest rate of 5% (2019: 5%) per annum. The final repayment of the loans is due from 31 December 2022 to 30 June 2026 (2019: 31 December 2022 to 30 June 2023).

Term loan (f)

These comprise two (2019: five) term loans which are unsecured and interest free. The final repayment of the loans is due from 31 January 2024 to 31 January 2025 (2019: 30 June 2020 to 31 January 2025).

Term loan (g)

The loan is unsecured, interest free and is repayable on demand.

Term loan (h)

These comprise four (2019: three) term loans which are unsecured and bear an interest rate ranging from 5% to 6% (2019: 1.5% to 5%) per annum. The final repayment of the loans is due from 30 June 2021 to 30 June 2024 (2019: 30 June 2020 to 30 June 2024).

Term loan (i)

These comprise nine (2019: ten) term loans from the ultimate holding company which are unsecured and bear an interest rate of 8% (2019: 8%) per annum. The final repayment of the loans range from 30 June 2021 to 30 June 2021 (2019: 30 June 2021 to 31 December 2022).

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**19 Borrowings (cont'd)**

Term loan (j)

These comprise six (2019: six) term loans from third parties which are unsecured and bear an interest rate of 6% (2019: 6%) per annum. The final repayment of the loans range from 30 June 2022 to 31 December 2022 (2019: 30 June 2022 to 31 December 2022).

**20 Members' Savings Deposits**

Members in these financial statements refer to the Group's loan portfolio borrowers. The savings deposits earn interest at the rate ranging from 1.5% to 3% (2019: 1.5% to 3.0%) per annum and this rate may be modified by the Group based on the prevailing interest rates amongst commercial banks.

Members' savings deposits are recorded as current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

A savings account is required to be established by a borrowing member while availing a loan by depositing an initiation deposit amount of US\$4 to US\$5 (2019: US\$4 to US\$5). When the loan has been processed and approved, the members can regularly deposit and withdraw from their savings account which gets recorded in the members' savings account. Members with a current loan balance are required to maintain their savings account with a minimum required balance.

There is no limit on the amount of money the members can keep in the savings accounts. The minimum balance that a member can keep is US\$5. Members can withdraw money from their savings account at any time for emergencies, however the savings account can be closed and fully withdrawn only after the loan outstanding is fully paid off.

**21 Other Payables**

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$
Accruals	312,732	367,727	11,329	74,386
Interest payable	75,872	22,022	-	-
Other payables	131,330	176,341	46,665	1,401
Life insurance provision	44,464	51,753	-	-
	<u>564,398</u>	<u>617,843</u>	<u>57,994</u>	<u>75,786</u>

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**22 Bank Overdrafts**

	<b>Group</b>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	US\$	US\$
Bank overdrafts	2,631,565	1,611,426

Bank overdrafts of the Group are secured by the following:

- (i) a standby letter of credit of GBP10,000 or equivalent US\$13,577 (2019: GBP10,000 or equivalent US\$13,116);
- (ii) fixed deposits of US\$632,395 (2019: US\$585,808) (Note 15); and
- (iii) bank overdraft of US\$868,815 (2019: US\$838,541) is secured by guarantee from the Company (Note 25)

Interest on bank overdrafts ranges from 9.5% to 11.00% (2019: 9.75% to 10.50%) per annum.

**23 Lease Liabilities**

- (a) The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts for office premises and motor vehicles. The Group's obligations under these leases are secured by the lessor's title to the leased assets. The Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets.

The Group also has certain leases of equipment with lease terms of 12 months or less and leases with low value. The Group applies the short-term lease and lease of low-value assets recognition exemptions for these leases.

The carrying amounts of right-of-use assets classified within property, plant and equipment are as follows:

	<b>Group</b>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	US\$	US\$
Motor vehicles	90,195	99,969
Office premises	387,980	584,166
	387,980	584,166

Additions of right-of-use assets classified within property, plant and equipment during the financial year are US\$36,215 (2019: US\$287,487). The Group has total cash outflows for leases of US\$408,193 (2019: US\$336,920) in financial year ended 31 December 2020.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**23 Lease Liabilities (cont'd)**

(a) The Group as a lessee (cont'd)

The amounts recognised in profit or loss are as follows:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	US\$	US\$
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	261,346	212,408
Interest expense on lease liabilities (Note 6)	43,082	53,272
Lease expense not capitalised in lease liabilities:		
- Expense relating to short-term and low-value leases (Note 7)	61,728	77,514
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	<u>366,156</u>	<u>343,194</u>

The carrying amounts of lease liabilities are as follows:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	US\$	US\$
Lease liabilities:		
Current	230,038	292,521
Non-current	251,635	401,160
	<u>481,673</u>	<u>693,681</u>

The movements of lease liabilities during the financial year is disclosed in Note 28.

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised.

The Group has some lease contracts that include extension options. These options are negotiated by management to provide flexibility in managing the leased-asset portfolio and align with the Group's business needs. The Group included the extension option in the lease term for leases of office premises because of the leasehold improvements made and the significant costs that would arise to replace the assets.

(b) The Group as a lessor

The Group has entered into an operating lease on its motor vehicles. The rental income from the lease of motor vehicles is disclosed in Note 5. This non-cancellable lease had remaining lease term of less than 5 years and with renewal rights.

	<b>Group</b>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	US\$	US\$
Within one year	-	<u>6,132</u>

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**24 Related Party Transactions**

Related parties refer to the entities controlled by the ultimate controlling shareholder, Mr. Gregory Francis Casagrande.

Other than the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following are significant related party transactions entered into by the Group and the Company with related parties:

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$	<u>2020</u> US\$	<u>2019</u> US\$
<u>Subsidiaries</u>				
-Guarantee remuneration	-	-	31,283	34,530
-Management income	-	-	655,600	576,000
-Professional fee income	-	-	-	9,000
-Interest on loans from the Company	-	-	325,527	251,352
-Processing fee income	-	-	-	8,000
<u>Ultimate holding company</u>				
-Administrative fees charged to the Group/Company	(132,000)	(132,000)	(132,000)	(132,000)
-Management fees charged to the Group/Company	(132,000)	(132,000)	(132,000)	(132,000)
-Loans to the Group/Company	-	2,345,000	-	2,345,000
-Interest on loans to the Group/Company	(204,737)	(78,781)	(204,737)	(78,781)
<u>Related parties</u>				
-Management fees charged to the Group	(335,667)	(297,488)	-	-
-Loans to the Group/Company	732,674	1,525,983	-	290,000
-Interest on loans to the Group/Company	(79,926)	(66,311)	(57,038)	(54,685)

The key management personnel comprise mainly directors who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company and the Group.

Other than a nominee director's fee of US\$1,459 (2019: US\$1,459), no other remuneration was paid to the directors during the year.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**25 Corporate Guarantee**

As at 31 December 2020, the Company has corporate guarantee amounting to US\$2,154,310 (2019: US\$1,674,338) issued to banks for the subsidiaries' bank borrowing and bank overdraft. The fair value of the corporate guarantee is estimated to be insignificant as the subsidiaries have the ability to generate sufficient cash flows from their operations to finance their continuing operations and repay the bank borrowing.

**26 Capital Management**

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain an optimal capital structure to support its business and maximise shareholder value. Capital is defined as equity attributable to the equity holders.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholder, return capital to shareholder or issue new shares.

There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year.

In the management of capital risk, management takes into consideration the net debt-to-equity ratio as well as the Group's working capital requirements. The Group regards equity as capital, and monitors capital using a net debt-to-equity ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total liabilities (excluding provision for taxation) less cash and bank balances. Total equity comprises of share capital and reserves attributable to the equity holder of the Company. Total capital is calculated as total equity plus net debt.

	<b>Group</b>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	US\$	US\$
Net debt	18,670,546	18,401,605
Total equity	2,228,651	29,249
Total capital	20,899,197	18,430,854
Net debt-to-equity ratio	0.89	1.00

The Group was not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements for the financial years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**27 Financial Instruments**

(a) Financial Risk Management and Policies

The principal risks from the Group's financial instruments are credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and foreign exchange risk. The management reviews and manages these risks as follows:

(i) *Credit risk*

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, loans portfolio and other assets represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk.

The Group has insignificant concentration of credit risk.

As part of its risk control procedures, an assessment of the credit quality of a new member, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors, is carried out prior to the credit approval. Individual credit risk limits are then set based on the assessments done. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. Loans to members are settled via weekly deductions.

The Group placed its surplus funds with licensed financial institutions in Singapore, Tonga, Fiji, Samoa, Solomon Islands and Vanuatu.

*Credit risk grading guideline*

The Group and Company has established the Group and Company's internal credit risk grading to the different exposures according to their degree of default risk. The internal credit risk grading which are used to report the Group and Company's credit risk exposure to key management personnel for credit risk management purposes are as follows:

Internal rating grades	Definition	Basis of recognition of expected credit loss (ECL)
i. Performing	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts.	12-month ECL
ii. Under-performing	There has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition (i.e. interest and/or principal repayment are more than 30 days past due).	Lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired)
iii. Non-performing	There is evidence indicating that the asset is credit-impaired (i.e. interest and/or principal repayments are more than 90 days past due).	Lifetime ECL (credit impaired)
iv. Write-off	There is evidence indicating that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery as the debtor is in severe financial difficulty (i.e. interest and/or principal repayments are more than 180 days past due).	Asset is written off



**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
(Incorporated in Singapore)

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**27 Financial Instruments (cont'd)**

(a) Financial Risk Management and Policies (cont'd)

(i) *Credit risk* (cont'd)

*Credit risk exposure and significant credit risk concentration*

The credit quality of the Group and Company's financial assets, as well as maximum exposure to credit risk by credit risk rating grades is presented as follows:

	Internal credit rating	ECL	Gross carrying amount US\$	Loss allowance US\$	Net carrying amount US\$
<b>Group</b>					
<u>2020</u>					
Loans portfolio (a)	Performing	12-month ECL	19,536,047	(270,940)	19,265,107
Other assets (current and non-current) (b)	Performing	12-month ECL	621,598	-	621,598
Cash and bank balances (c)	Performing	12-month ECL	<u>3,492,008</u>	-	<u>3,492,008</u>
<u>2019</u>					
Loans portfolio (a)	Performing	12-month ECL	16,816,516	(203,917)	16,612,699
Other assets (current and non-current) (b)	Performing	12-month ECL	448,900	-	448,900
Cash and bank balances (c)	Performing	12-month ECL	<u>2,269,901</u>	-	<u>2,269,901</u>
<b>Company</b>					
<u>2020</u>					
Amount due from subsidiaries (b)	Performing	12-month ECL	5,875,260	-	5,875,260
Other assets (b)	Performing	12-month ECL	9,082	-	9,082
Cash and bank balances (c)	Performing	12-month ECL	<u>135,160</u>	-	<u>135,160</u>
<u>2019</u>					
Amount due from subsidiaries (b)	Performing	12-month ECL	5,609,198	-	5,609,198
Other assets (b)	Performing	12-month ECL	1,455	-	1,455
Cash and bank balances (c)	Performing	12-month ECL	<u>63,984</u>	-	<u>63,984</u>

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**27 Financial Instruments (cont'd)**

(a) Financial Risk Management and Policies (cont'd)

(i) *Credit risk* (cont'd)

*Credit risk exposure and significant credit risk concentration* (cont'd)

*Note a: Loans portfolio*

The Group has applied the general approach in FRS 109 to measure loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at initial recognition. The Group assessed whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. Accordingly, the Group determined that the provision for expected credit losses as at 31 December 2020 amounted to US\$270,940 (2019: US\$203,917).

*Note b: Other assets including amount due from subsidiaries*

Other assets are considered to have low credit risk as they are not due for payment at the end of the reporting period. The Group and Company assessed the latest financial performance and financial position of the counterparties, adjusted for the future outlook of the industry in which the counterparties operate in, and concluded that there has been no significant increase in the credit risk since the initial recognition of these financial assets. Accordingly, for the purpose of impairment assessment of other assets, the Group and Company measured the impairment loss allowance using 12-month ECL and determined that the ECL is insignificant.

*Note c: Cash at bank balances*

Cash and bank balances were placed with reputable banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings and no history of default.

Impairment on cash and cash equivalents has been measured on the 12-month expected loss basis and reflects the short maturities of the exposures. The Group and Company considers that its cash at banks has low credit risk based on the external credit ratings of the counterparties. The Group and Company uses a similar approach for assessment of ECL for cash and cash equivalents to those used for debt investments. The amount of the allowance on cash and cash equivalents was immaterial.

(ii) *Interest rate risk*

Interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group and the Company monitors its interest rate risks, and changes in fair values from time to time and any gains and losses are included in the profit or loss.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
(Incorporated in Singapore)

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**27 Financial Instruments (cont'd)**

(a) Financial Risk Management and Policies (cont'd)

(ii) Interest rate risk (cont'd)

The Group and Company have cash balances placed with reputable banks and financial institutions. Such balances are placed on varying maturities and generate interest income for the Group and Company. The Group and Company manage its interest rate risks by placing such balances on varying maturities and interest rate terms.

The Group obtains additional financing through bank borrowings. The Group's borrowings are mainly on a fixed interest rate.

The table below sets out the Group's and the Company's exposure to interest rate risks and information on weighted average effective yield. Included in the table are the Group's assets and liabilities at carrying amounts, categorised by the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity dates.

	<u>Fixed rate</u>		Non-interest <u>bearing</u> US\$	<u>Total</u> US\$	Effective <u>interest rate</u> %
	Within <u>1 year</u> US\$	2 to 5 <u>years</u> US\$			
<b>Group</b>					
<b>2020</b>					
Loans portfolio	19,265,107	-	-	19,265,107	9.00%-25.00%
Other assets (excluding prepayments)	246,117	246,118	129,363	621,598	3.50%-4.50%
Cash and cash equivalents	998,433	-	2,493,575	3,492,008	0.10%-3.50%
Members' savings deposits	(3,402,166)	-	-	(3,402,166)	1.50%-3.00%
Other payables	-	-	(519,934)	(519,934)	-
Loan from a related party	-	(70,922)	-	(70,922)	8.00%
Bank overdrafts	(2,631,565)	-	-	(2,631,565)	9.5%-11.00%
Lease liabilities	(230,038)	(251,635)	-	(481,673)	4.00%-11.00%
Borrowings	(3,792,777)	(8,334,948)	(2,884,105)	(15,011,830)	1.50%-11.00%
Net financial assets/(liabilities)	<u>10,453,111</u>	<u>(8,411,387)</u>	<u>(781,101)</u>	<u>1,260,623</u>	
<b>2019</b>					
Loans portfolio	16,612,599	-	-	16,612,599	9.00%-25.00%
Other assets (excluding prepayments)	-	232,256	216,644	448,900	4.50%
Cash and cash equivalents	1,016,486	-	1,253,415	2,269,901	0.10%-4.25%
Members' savings deposits	(3,121,750)	-	-	(3,121,750)	1.50%-3.00%
Other payables	-	-	(566,090)	(566,090)	-
Loan from a related party	-	(67,454)	-	(67,454)	8.00%
Bank overdrafts	(1,611,426)	-	-	(1,611,426)	9.75%-10.50%
Lease liabilities	(292,521)	(401,160)	-	(693,681)	4.00%-11.00%
Borrowings	(4,471,587)	(7,668,941)	(2,418,824)	(14,559,352)	1.50%-11.00%
Net financial assets/(liabilities)	<u>8,131,801</u>	<u>(7,905,299)</u>	<u>(1,514,855)</u>	<u>(1,288,353)</u>	

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**27 Financial Instruments (cont'd)**

(a) Financial Risk Management and Policies (cont'd)

(ii) *Interest rate risk* (cont'd)

	<u>Fixed rate</u>		<u>Non-interest bearing</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Effective interest rate</u>
	<u>Within 1 year</u>	<u>2 to 5 years</u>			
<u>Company</u>	<u>US\$</u>	<u>US\$</u>	<u>US\$</u>	<u>US\$</u>	<u>%</u>
<u>2020</u>					
Amount due from subsidiaries	1,510,560	2,182,366	2,182,334	5,875,260	2.00%-11.00%
Other assets	-	-	9,082	9,082	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	135,160	135,160	-
Other payables	-	-	(57,994)	(57,994)	-
Borrowings	(2,800,579)	(2,174,542)	-	(4,975,121)	5.00%-9.50%
	<u>(1,290,019)</u>	<u>7,824</u>	<u>2,268,582</u>	<u>986,387</u>	
<u>2019</u>					
Amount due from subsidiaries	904,351	2,176,720	2,528,127	5,609,198	2.00%-11.00%
Other assets	-	-	1,455	1,455	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	63,984	63,984	-
Other payables	-	-	(75,786)	(75,786)	-
Borrowings	(3,603,703)	(2,190,714)	-	(5,794,417)	5.00%-9.50%
	<u>(2,699,352)</u>	<u>(13,994)</u>	<u>2,517,780</u>	<u>(195,566)</u>	

(iii) *Liquidity risk*

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group and the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due to the shortage of funds.

In the management of its liquidity risk, the Group and the Company monitor and maintain a level of cash and bank balances deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's and the Company's operations to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The table below analyses Group's and Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of financial year to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not expected to be significant.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
(Incorporated in Singapore)

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**27 Financial Instruments (cont'd)**

(a) Financial Risk Management and Policies (cont'd)

(iii) *Liquidity risk* (cont'd)

	Carrying Amount US\$	Contractual undiscounted cash flows		
		Total US\$	Within 1 year US\$	Between 2 year and 5 years US\$
<b>Group</b>				
<u>2020</u>				
Members' savings deposits	3,402,166	3,465,056	3,465,056	-
Other payables	519,934	519,934	519,934	-
Loan from a related party	70,922	70,922	-	70,922
Bank overdrafts	2,631,565	2,915,365	2,915,365	-
Lease liabilities	481,673	531,682	259,318	272,364
Borrowings	15,011,830	16,008,985	6,235,969	9,773,016
Total	22,118,090	23,511,944	13,395,642	10,116,302
<u>2019</u>				
Members' savings deposits	3,121,750	3,182,252	3,182,252	-
Other payables	566,090	566,090	566,090	-
Loan from a related party	67,454	67,454	-	67,454
Bank overdrafts	1,611,426	1,780,470	1,780,470	-
Lease liabilities	693,681	776,390	331,504	444,886
Borrowings	14,559,352	16,095,978	6,451,379	9,644,599
Total	20,619,753	22,468,634	12,311,695	10,156,939
<b>Company</b>				
<u>2020</u>				
Other payables	57,994	57,994	57,994	-
Borrowings	4,975,121	4,867,082	3,107,611	1,759,471
Total	5,033,115	4,925,076	3,165,605	1,759,471
<u>2019</u>				
Other payables	75,786	75,786	75,786	-
Borrowings	5,794,417	5,725,652	4,046,043	1,679,609
Total	5,870,203	5,801,438	4,121,829	1,679,609

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**28 Financial Instruments (cont'd)**

(a) Financial Risk Management and Policies (cont'd)

(iv) *Foreign exchange risk*

The Group's exposures to changes in foreign currency rates relate primarily to its outstanding foreign currency bank balances, other assets and other payables. The Group monitors exchange fluctuations and takes appropriate steps to minimise or reduce exchange losses.

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk in respect of its investments in the Kingdom of Tonga, the Republic of Fiji, Independent State of Samoa, the Solomon Islands and the Republic of Vanuatu. As these investments are held on long-term basis, these exposures are not hedged.

The transactions in those countries take place in the local currencies of the countries concerned. As the foreign exchange rates of those operational currencies are set by their respective central banks based on a prescribed basket of foreign currencies, the Group tries to hedge the assets in those countries against significant fluctuations in foreign exchange valuation by borrowing in non-local currencies, in proportions which match, as close as possible, the foreign currencies utilised by the local central banks to fix their exchange rates, to the best of management's ability. No other specific currency hedging is performed.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
(Incorporated in Singapore)

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**27 Financial Instruments (cont'd)**

(a) Financial Risk Management and Policies (cont'd)

(iv) Foreign exchange risk (cont'd)

The Group and Company's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows:

Group 2020	United States	Fiji	Samoan	Solomon	Tongan	Vanuatu	Singapore	New Zealand	Australian	Total
	Dollar US\$	Dollar US\$	Tala US\$	Dollar US\$	Pa'anga US\$	Vatu US\$	Dollar US\$	Dollar US\$	Dollar US\$	US\$
<b>Financial Assets</b>										
Loans portfolio	-	3,442,418	8,757,884	1,353,367	4,252,176	1,459,262	-	-	-	19,265,107
Other assets										
(current and non-current)	-	558,536	9,142	24,220	5,196	15,422	9,082	-	-	621,598
Cash and cash equivalents	483,551	1,296,161	855,130	182,045	469,099	151,694	35,023	9,999	9,306	3,492,008
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>										
Members' savings deposits	-	(1,980,369)	(233,361)	(333,879)	(553,546)	(301,011)	(24,994)	-	-	(3,402,166)
Other payable	(33,000)	(131,410)	(146,096)	(56,986)	(75,701)	(51,747)	-	(70,922)	-	(519,934)
Loan from a related party	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(70,922)
Bank overdrafts	-	-	(2,837,609)	-	206,044	-	-	-	-	(2,631,565)
Obligations under finance lease	-	(257,291)	(74,653)	(36,751)	(37,425)	(75,553)	-	-	-	(481,673)
Borrowings	(4,610,195)	(1,430,441)	(3,479,495)	(336,839)	(1,255,775)	(334,088)	-	(614,120)	(1,401,214)	(15,011,830)
Net financial (liabilities)/assets	(4,159,644)	1,497,604	2,850,942	795,177	3,010,068	863,979	19,111	(614,120)	(1,391,908)	1,260,623
Less: Net financial liabilities/ (assets) denominated in the respective entities' functional currency	(594,432)	(1,497,604)	(2,850,942)	(795,177)	(3,010,068)	(863,979)	-	-	-	(9,612,202)
Currency exposure	(4,754,076)	-	-	-	-	-	19,111	(614,120)	(1,391,908)	(8,351,579)

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
(Incorporated in Singapore)

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**27 Financial Instruments (cont'd)**

**(a) Financial Risk Management and Policies (cont'd)**

**(iv) Foreign exchange risk (cont'd)**

Group 2019	United States	Fiji	Samoan	Solomon	Tongan	Vanuatu	Singapore	Euro	New Zealand	Australian	Total
	Dollar US\$	Dollar US\$	Tala US\$	Dollar US\$	Pa'anga US\$	Vatu US\$	Dollar US\$	US\$	Dollar US\$	Dollar US\$	US\$
<b>Financial Assets</b>											
Loans portfolio	-	3,372,263	6,536,746	1,333,786	4,081,891	1,287,913	-	-	-	-	16,612,599
Other assets											
(current and non-current)	-	294,436	109,462	18,627	9,333	15,587	1,455	-	-	-	448,900
Cash and cash equivalents	210,101	434,358	838,475	175,053	376,049	173,164	5,129	8,131	15,592	13,849	2,269,901
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>											
Members' savings deposits	-	(1,621,959)	(336,830)	(400,788)	(475,833)	(286,340)	-	-	-	-	(3,121,750)
Other payable	(33,000)	(244,202)	(12,950)	(53,007)	(150,820)	(29,325)	(42,786)	-	(67,454)	-	(566,090)
Loan from a related party	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(67,454)
Bank overdrafts	-	-	(1,458,896)	-	(152,530)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,611,426)
Obligations under finance lease	-	(311,848)	(150,339)	(95,679)	(65,164)	(70,651)	-	-	-	-	(693,681)
Borrowings	(5,871,218)	(962,660)	(3,601,520)	(233,378)	(1,307,098)	(267,622)	-	-	(1,024,982)	(1,290,874)	(14,559,352)
Net financial (liabilities)/assets	(5,694,117)	960,388	1,944,148	744,614	2,315,828	822,726	(36,202)	8,131	(1,076,844)	(1,277,025)	(1,288,353)
Less: Net financial liabilities/ (assets) denominated in the respective entities' functional currency	2,144,570	(960,388)	(1,944,148)	(744,614)	(2,312,720)	(822,726)	-	-	-	-	(4,640,026)
Currency exposure	(3,549,547)	-	-	-	-	-	(36,202)	8,131	(1,076,844)	(1,277,025)	(5,931,487)



**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
(Incorporated in Singapore)

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**27 Financial Instruments (cont'd)**

**(a) Financial Risk Management and Policies (cont'd)**

**(iv) Foreign exchange risk (cont'd)**

Company 2020	United States Dollar US\$	Tongan Pa'anga US\$	Singapore Dollar US\$	Euro US\$	New Zealand Dollar US\$	Australian Dollar US\$	Total US\$
<b>Financial Assets</b>							
Amounts due from subsidiaries	2,934,637	326,412	-	-	1,159,470	1,454,741	5,875,260
Other assets	-	-	9,082	-	-	-	9,082
Cash and cash equivalents	80,832	-	35,023	-	9,999	9,306	135,160
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>							
Other payable	(33,000)	-	(24,994)	-	-	-	(57,994)
Borrowings	(2,269,289)	-	-	(614,120)	(690,498)	(1,401,214)	(4,975,121)
Net financial assets/(liabilities)	713,180	326,412	19,111	(614,120)	478,971	62,833	986,387
Less: Net financial assets denominated in the respective entities' functional currency	(713,180)	-	-	-	-	-	(713,180)
Currency exposure	-	326,412	19,111	(614,120)	478,971	62,833	273,207

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**27 Financial Instruments (cont'd)**

(a) Financial Risk Management and Policies (cont'd)

(iv) Foreign exchange risk (cont'd)

<b>Company</b>	United States <u>Dollar</u> US\$	Tongan <u>Pa'anga</u> US\$	Singapore <u>Dollar</u> US\$	New Zealand <u>Dollar</u> US\$	Australian <u>Dollar</u> US\$	<u>Total</u> US\$
<b>2019</b>						
<b>Financial Assets</b>						
Amounts due from subsidiaries	2,667,314	398,722		1,125,625	1,417,537	5,609,198
Other assets	-	-	1,455	-	-	1,455
Cash and cash equivalents	29,428	-	5,129	15,592	13,835	63,984
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>						
Other payable	(33,000)	-	(42,786)	-	-	(75,786)
Borrowings	(3,926,531)	-	-	(577,012)	(1,290,874)	(5,794,417)
Net financial (liabilities)/assets	(1,262,789)	398,722	(36,202)	564,205	140,498	(195,566)
Less: Net financial liabilities denominated in the functional currency of the Company	1,262,789	-	-	-	-	1,262,789
Currency exposure	-	398,722	(36,202)	564,205	140,498	1,067,223

*Sensitivity analysis*

A 5% strengthening of the United States Dollar against the following currencies at the statement of financial position date would increase/(decrease) the profit or loss by the amounts shown above. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant.

	<b>Group</b> Increase/ (decrease) <u>Profit or loss</u> US\$	<b>Company</b> Increase/ (decrease) <u>Profit or loss</u> US\$
<b>2020</b>		
Singapore Dollar	956	956
Euro	(30,706)	(30,706)
New Zealand Dollar	(80,529)	23,949
Australian Dollar	(69,595)	3,142
Tongan Pa'anga	-	16,321

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**27 Financial Instruments (cont'd)**

(a) Financial Risk Management and Policies (cont'd)

(iv) *Foreign exchange risk* (cont'd)

*Sensitivity analysis* (cont'd)

	<b>Group</b>	<b>Company</b>
	Increase/ (decrease)	Increase/ (decrease)
	<u>Profit or loss</u>	<u>Profit or loss</u>
	US\$	US\$
<u>2019</u>		
Singapore Dollar	(1,810)	(1,810)
Euro	407	-
New Zealand Dollar	(53,842)	28,210
Australian Dollar	(63,851)	7,025
Tongan Pa'anga	-	19,936
	-	19,936

(b) Fair Values

Fair Value Hierarchy

The Group categorise fair value measurement using a fair value hierarchy that is depended on the valuation inputs used as follows:

- (a) Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- (b) Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- (c) Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**27 Financial Instruments (cont'd)**

(b) Fair Values (cont'd)

Fair value measurement

The following summarises the significant methods and assumption used in estimating fair values of financial instruments of the Group and Company that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

(i) *Long term financial assets and financial liabilities*

The carrying amounts of amount due from subsidiaries, borrowings and obligations under finance leases approximate fair value (Level 2 of fair value hierarchy) as they bear interest at rates which approximate the current incremental borrowing rate for similar types of lending and borrowing arrangements.

(ii) *Other financial assets and liabilities*

The carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities with a maturity of less than one year are assumed to approximate their fair values because of the short period to maturity.

**28 Financing Activities in the Cash Flow Statements**

The reconciliation of movement to cash flows arising from the financing activities is presented below.

**Group**

	← Cash flows →					31 December US\$
	<u>1 January</u> US\$	<u>Proceeds</u> US\$	<u>Repayments</u> US\$	<u>Interest paid</u> US\$	<u>Others*</u> US\$	
<b>2020</b>						
Fixed deposits pledged to bank overdrafts	(585,808)	-	(46,587)	-	-	(632,395)
Cash (restricted to members' savings deposits)	(336,830)	103,469	-	-	-	(233,361)
Bank overdrafts	1,611,426	1,020,139	-	-	-	2,631,565
Members' savings deposits	3,121,750	-	-	(39,755)	320,171	3,402,166
Interest payable	22,022	-	-	(982,801)	1,036,651	75,872
Amounts due to related parties	67,454	-	-	-	3,468	70,922
Lease liabilities	693,681	-	(303,383)	(43,082)	134,457	481,673
Borrowings	14,559,352	2,325,354	(1,255,250)	(430,435)	(187,191)	15,011,830
	<u>19,153,047</u>	<u>3,448,962</u>	<u>(1,605,220)</u>	<u>(1,496,073)</u>	<u>1,307,556</u>	<u>20,808,272</u>

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
(Incorporated in Singapore)

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**28 Financing Activities in the Cash Flow Statements (cont'd)**

**Group (cont'd)**

	← Cash flows →					31 December US\$
	1 January US\$	Proceeds US\$	Repayments US\$	Interest paid US\$	Others* US\$	
<b>2019</b>						
Fixed deposits pledged to bank overdrafts	(584,628)	-	(1,180)	-	-	(585,808)
Cash (restricted to members' savings deposits)	(319,933)	-	(16,897)	-	-	(336,830)
Bank overdrafts	1,803,296	-	(191,870)	-	-	1,611,426
Members' savings deposits	2,799,712	-	-	(34,859)	356,897	3,121,750
Interest payable	39,254	-	-	(755,826)	738,594	22,022
Amounts due to related parties	70,615	-	-	-	(3,161)	67,454
Lease liabilities	162,798	-	(206,134)	(53,272)	790,289	693,681
Borrowings	11,840,792	6,200,902	(3,153,523)	(662,379)	333,560	14,559,352
	<u>15,811,906</u>	<u>6,200,902</u>	<u>(3,569,604)</u>	<u>(1,506,336)</u>	<u>2,216,179</u>	<u>19,153,047</u>

\* Others comprise of interest expense, unrealised foreign exchange differences and movement under operating activities.

**Company**

	← Cash flows →					31 December US\$
	1 January US\$	Proceeds US\$	Repayments US\$	Interest paid US\$	Others** US\$	
<b>2020</b>						
Borrowings	5,794,417	642,070	(648,711)	(464,481)	(348,174)	4,975,121
<b>2019</b>						
Borrowings	4,386,716	2,825,985	(1,404,158)	(412,545)	398,420	5,794,417

\*\* Others comprise of loan conversion to equity amounting to US\$1,000,000 (2019: Nil), interest expense and unrealised foreign exchange differences.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

**29 Impact of COVID-19**

The world is currently experiencing an event with negative macroeconomic consequences, originating from the spread of COVID-19 in many countries around the world (hereinafter - “the Coronavirus” or the “Event”). Following the Event, many countries are taking significant steps to try to prevent the spread of the Coronavirus, such as restrictions on civilian movement, gatherings, transit restrictions on the passengers and goods, closing borders between countries, etc. As a result of the Event and the actions taken by the various countries, there are already significant negative implications on many economies as well as capital markets worldwide, with sharp reduction in production and dramatic increase of unemployment worldwide. As the Event is still an ongoing event, the Group and Company cannot estimate the potential effect on its short and mid-term activities and financial results, however, a continuation of the Event can potentially have a material impact on the Group and Company and its results for operations in the coming future.

**30 Subsequent Event**

On 16 June 2021, the Company declared a one-tier (tax exempt) final dividend of S\$0.04 per preference share in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

THE FOLLOWING DETAILED INCOME STATEMENT  
HAS BEEN PREPARED FOR MANAGEMENT PURPOSES ONLY  
AND DOES NOT FORM PART OF THE AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**SPBD MICROFINANCE HOLDINGS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.**  
**(Incorporated in Singapore)**

**DETAILED INCOME STATEMENT**

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	US\$	US\$
REVENUE		
Management income	655,600	576,000
Interest income	325,527	251,352
Professional fee income	-	9,000
	<u>981,127</u>	<u>836,352</u>
OTHER INCOME	64,993	104,984
LESS: EXPENSES		
FINANCIAL EXPENSE	455,949	395,162
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES		
Auditor's remuneration	22,444	25,000
Bank charges	5,514	9,754
Director's fee	1,459	1,459
Other expenses	-	310
Legal and professional fee	26,395	27,602
Management fee	132,000	132,000
Salaries and wages	54,000	54,000
Service fee	132,000	132,000
Travelling expenses	-	2,316
Withholding tax expenses	18,899	79,986
	<u>392,711</u>	<u>464,427</u>
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	<u>197,460</u>	<u>81,747</u>

NOT PART OF AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS